# Appendix C Major Unit Process Capability Evaluation Performance Potential Graph Spreadsheet Tool for the Partnership for Safe Water

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## Section 1 - Background on the Major Unit Process Capability Evaluation

Water treatment plants are designed to take a raw water source of variable quality and produce a consistent, high quality finished water using multiple treatment processes in series to remove turbidity and prevent microbial contaminants from entering the finished water. Each treatment process represents a barrier to prevent the passage of microbial contaminants and particulates in the plant. By providing multiple barriers, any microorganisms passing one unit process can possibly be removed in the next, minimizing the likelihood of microorganisms passing through the entire treatment system and surviving in water supplied to the public.

The performance potential graph (see Figures C-1 and C-2) is used to characterize capabilities of individual treatment processes to continuously function as a barrier for removing particulates and harmful pathogens. Each of the major unit processes is assessed with respect to its capability to consistently contribute to an overall plant treated water quality of less than 0.1 NTU turbidity during peak flows. Specific considerations are given only to process basin size and capability under optimum conditions. Limitations in process capability due to minor deficiencies or incorrect operation (e.g., degraded baffles which allow short-circuiting or improper process control) do not contribute to development of the performance potential graph. These operational or minor modification limitations are addressed during the evaluation of the other aspects of the treatment plant conducted as part of the Partnership for Safe Water self-assessment procedures.

Specific performance goals for the flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection unit processes are used when developing the performance potential graph. These include settled water turbidities of less than 2 NTU and filtered effluent turbidities of less than 0.1 NTU. Capabilities of the disinfection process are assessed based on the CT values outlined in a USEPA guidance manual for meeting filtration and disinfection requirements. Rated capacities are determined for each of the unit processes based on industry standard loading rates and detention times with demonstrated capability to achieve specific unit process performance goals. These evaluation criteria are defined in Table C-2 of this appendix. The resulting unit process rated capacities are compared to

the peak instantaneous operating flow for the treatment plant. Any unit process rated capacities which do not exceed the plant's peak instantaneous operating flow are suspect in their ability to consistently meet desired performance goals that will maximize protection against the passage of microbial contaminants through the treatment plant. Specific interpretation of the results of the performance potential graph are discussed in Section 3 of the Partnership for Safe Water self-assessment procedures. It is important that the

Figure C-1. Example performance potential graph spreadsheet output for LOTUS 123 releases.

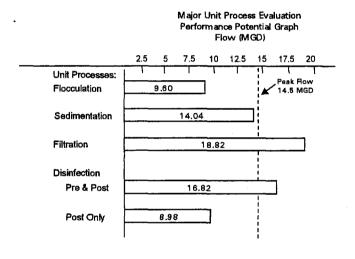
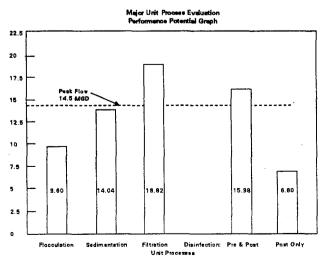


Figure C-2. Example performance potential graph spreadsheet output for EXCEL and QUATTRO PRO releases.



evaluator recognize that the guidance provided by this computer software should not exceed the evaluators' judgement in projecting unit process capability. Options to change loading rate projections to values different from those provided are available and should be considered if data or the evaluators' experience justifies the modification.

## Section 2 - The Performance Potential Graph Spreadsheet Tool

Spreadsheets have been generated to assist Utility Partners in creating the performance potential graph required for Section 3 for use in the Partnership for Safe Water self-assessment procedures. Generating the performance potential graph requires opening the appropriate spreadsheet file and entering specific physical plant information in the defined cells (see Figure C-4). A performance potential graph will be generated automatically. Rated capacities for each unit process are generated from user-defined criteria as well as from criteria defined in Table C-2 and discussed in Section 3 of the Partnership for Safe Water selfassessment procedures. The user may print a hard copy of the performance potential graph by following steps defined in Section 6 of this appendix.

Users requiring expanded instructions for entering appropriate information in the spreadsheet cells should refer to Figure C-3. Should users require additional assistance in preparing a performance potential graph using the spreadsheet, please contact Eric Bissonette of USEPA/OGWDW Technical Support Division at (513) 569-7933.

## Section 3 - Selecting the Appropriate Spreadsheet for Your Application

Performance Potential Graph Spreadsheets have been developed in LOTUS 123 Release 2.4 for DOS and 5.0 for WINDOWS, EXCEL Release 4.0 and 5.0 for WINDOWS, and QUATTRO PRO Release 5.0 for WINDOWS software systems. Select the files corresponding to your application and data entry needs from Table C-1 and proceed to Section 4.

Table C-1. File Designations for Various Software Spreadsheets - Performance Potential Graph

	for DOS		for WINDOWS	•
Performance Potential Graphs	LOTUS 123 2.4	LOTUS 123 5.0	EXCEL 4.0 or 5.0	QUATTRO PRO 5.0
Working Files	PPG.WK1	PPG.WK4	PPGXLC-XLS	PPGQP.W81
Format Files				,,,,,,,

#### Section 4 - Loading the Spreadsheet

- Copy the required working file and external format file from the Master Diskette to a directory resident on the hard drive of your computer. Do NOT work from the files contained on the Master Diskette.
- Enter your spreadsheet software by selecting the appropriate icon or menu option (e.g., click on the LOTUS 123 Release 5.0 icon). (Note: WYSIWYG needs to be invoked for the LOTUS 123 Release 2.4 spreadsheets.)
- Open the working file as specified in Section 3 and save the file under a new file name.

#### Section 5 - Entering Plant Information

Each spreadsheet contains a data entry section and a chart which depicts the resulting individual unit process rated capacities. The LOTUS 123 spreadsheets generate a performance potential graph with the unit process rated capacities characterized by horizontal bars (see Figure C-1). Contrarily, the EXCEL and QUATTRO PRO performance potential graphs characterize the unit process capacities by vertical bars (see Figure C-2). The data entry sections are identical for the LOTUS 123, EXCEL, and QUATTRO PRO performance potential graph files (see Figure C-3).

- Begin entering appropriate physical plant data in cells B31..B71 and E32..E69. Figure C-4 contains in-depth description of the acceptable entries for each of the cells in the spreadsheet.
- The entered physical plant data will appear in blue. Cells containing black values are calculated from data entered in other cells and cannot be modified.

Figure C-3. Performance potential graph data entry guide.

Peak Instantaneous Flow	What is the peak flow in MGD at any instant through the treatment plant? This peak flow is based on historical records and pumping capacity.
	(See Section 3 of the Self-Assessment for further discussion.)
Predisinfection	
Presedimentation	Does the plant have and utilize a presedimentation basin? Enter Yes or No.
Presed. Basin Volume	What is the volume (in gallons) of the presedimentation basin(s)?
Presed. Basin Baffling	What is the baffling condition of the presedimentation basin(s)? Unbaffled Poor Average Superior impacts effective volume calculation regarding
	predisinfection contact time based on estimated T <sub>10</sub> to T ratios.
Predisinfection Practiced	Does the plant apply a disinfectant prior to the clearwell? Enter Yes or No.
Temperature (°C)	What is the coldest water temperature (in degrees Celsius) at the predisinfectant application point?
Hå	What is the maximum pH at the predisinfectant application point?
Predisinf. Residual (mg/L)	What is the maximum predisinfectant residual (in mg/L)?
Predisinf. Application Point	Where is the predisinfectant applied? Prior to the presedimentation or flocculation or sedimentation or filtration unit processes?
Required CT	Using the predisinfection operating conditions (pH and Temp and required log removals), obtain the required CT value from Appendix C
	of the Surface Water Treatment Rule Guidance Manual or Appendix A of the CCP Handbook.
Predisinfection Volume	Calculated from data entered in other areas. No entry is required here.
Effective Predisinf, Volume	Calculated from data entered in other areas. Incorporates effective contact of the disinfectant based on baffling in each of the unit processes.
Flocculation	
Basin Volume	What is the total volume (in gallons) of the flocculation basin(s)?
Temperature (°C)	What is the coldest water temperature (in Celsius) that the flocculation basin experiences?
Mixing Stages	Describe the stages contained within the flocculation basin(s). Single or Multiple? No baffling or interbasin compartments equals
	single-staged. All other conditions equal multiple-staged.
Detention Time	Time
Suggested	Suggested detention time calculated using above information from existing conditions (see Attachment 2). No entry is required here.
Assigned	Enter a detention time (in minutes). Use the suggested detention time or select one based on site-specific circumstances.
Rated Capacity	This is the rated capacity of the unit process (in MGD) calculated from the Assigned hydraulic detention time. No entry is required here.
Sedimentation	
Basin Volume	This volume is calculated from other entered data. No entry is required here.
Surface Area	What is the total area (in square feet) of the sedimentation basin(s)?
Basin Depth	What is the average depth (in feet) of the sedimentation basin(s)?
Operation Mode	Enter Turbidity or Softening, depending on the process used. Is the process operated mainly to remove turbidity or to provide softening?
Process Type	What settling process is utilized? Enter Rectangular/Circular/Contact/Lamella Plates/Adsorption Clarifier or SuperPulsator.
Tubes Present	What type of settling tubes is present in the sedimentation basin(s)? Enter None or Vertical (>45°) or Horizontal (<45°).

Figure C-3. Performance potential graph data entry guide (continued).

	Process SOR	
Suggested		Suggested surface overflow rate calculated using above information from existing conditions (see Attachment 2). No entry is required here.
Assigned		Enter a surface overflow rate (SOR) (in gpm/ft²). Use the suggested SQR or select one based on site-specific circumstances.
Rated Capacity		This is the rated capacity of the unit process (in MGD) calculated from the Assigned surface overflow rate. No entry is required.
-		
Filtration		
Total Filter Surface Area		What is the total surface area (in square feet) of the filter(s)?
Total Number of Filters		What is the total number of filters in the treatment plant?
Filters Typically in Service		What number of filters are typically in service?
Total Volume Above Filters		What is the total volume of water above the filter media (in gallons)?
Media Typa		What media configuration is present in the filters? Enter Sand, Dual, Mixed, Deep Bed.
Operation Mode		How are the filters operated? Enter Conventional Direct, Inline Direct.
Raw Turbidity		What is the yearly 95th percentile raw water turbidity value? Refer to the raw water turbidity spreadsheet output table.
Air Binding		What level of air binding is noticeable in the filter(s)? Enter None, Moderate, High.
	Loading Rate	
Suggested		Suggested filter loading rate calculated using above information from existing conditions (see Attachment 2). No entry is required here.
Assigned		Enter a filter loading rate (in gpm/ft²). Use the suggested rate or select one based on site-specific circumstances.
Rated Capacity		This is the rated capacity of the unit process (in MGD) calculated from the Assigned filter loading rate. No entry is required here.
Disinfection		
Clearwell Volume		What is the total volume (in gallons) of the clearwell(s)?
Effective Baffling		What is the baffling condition of the clearwell(s)? Enter Unbaffled, Poor, Average, Superior. Impacts effective volume calculation
		regarding disinfection contact time.
Temperature (°C)		What is the temperature (in degrees Celsius) at the disinfectant application point?
Hd		What is the pH at the disinfectant application point?
Disinfectant Residual (mg/L)		What is the maximum disinfectant residual (in mg/L)?
Required Log Inactivation		Enter the total number of log removals required for the plant. Enter 3 or 4 or >4 (must be a numeric value).
Reqd. Disinfection Log Inactivation		Required disinfection log removals calculated from other data. No entry is required here.
Pipe Distance to First User		What is the transmission distance (in feet) to the first user/customer?
Pipe Diameter		What is the pipe diameter (in inches) of the transmission pipe?

Figure C-3. Performance potential graph data entry guide (continued).

Required CT   Using the disinfection operating conditions (pH and Temp and required log removals), obtain the required C.1 Value from Appendix C.	of the Surface Water Treatment Rule Guidance Manual or Appendix A of the Composite Correction Program Handbook.	Effective Contact Volume  Calculated from data entered in other areas. No entry is required here.	Detention Time	Suggested detention time calculated using above information from existing conditions (see Attachment 2). No entry is required here.	Assigned Assigned	Post Disinfection Rated Capacity  This is the rated capacity of the unit process (in MGD) calculated from the Assigned detention time and required CTs.	No entry is required here.	Pre & Post Disinf. Rated Capacity This is the rated capacity of the unit process (in MGD) calculated from the Assigned detention time and required CTs.	No entro is required here
movals), obtain the required C1 Value Irom Appendix C	Composite Correction Program Handbook.			onditions (see Attachment 2). No entry is required here	ect one based on site-specific circumstances.	ssigned detention time and required CTs.		ssigned detention time and required CTs.	

Figure C-4. Example performance potential graph data entry section.

	2500 (ft2)	10	G		Dual Sand Dual Mixed	DeepBed	conventional Conventional Direct Inline	35 >0	None Moderate rigit	Chlorine Chlorine, Chloramines	None, Chlorine Dioxide	1.5	75 See Guidance Manual	Appendix	Loading Rate	4 gpm/ft2		12.96 MGD				Unbaffled Unbaffled Poor	Average Superior		None, Chlorine Dioxide		5.7		3 07 4 01 74	C'.	1000 (feet)	12	82 see SWTR Guidance		205879 (gallons)	Detention Time	33 (min) HDT	33 (min) HDT		8.98 MGD	29.51]MGD
	Filtration Total Filter Surface Area	Total Number of Filters	Filters Typically in Service	Total Volume Above Filters	Media Type		Operation Mode	Raw Turbidity (NTU)	Ar Briding	Disinfectant Applied		Disinfect residual (mg/L)	Required CT	: ;	e Dioxide	Assigned		Rated Capacity	!	Disinfection	Clearwell Volume	Effective Baffling	Disinfectant Annied	ביישווי אליישווי אישווי אישוי אישווי אישוי אישווי אי		Temperature (C)	Hd	Disinfectant residual (mg/L)	Kequired Log inactivation	Required Disintection Log Kernovars Pulsator	Distribution Pipe Distance to First User	Pipe diameter	Required CT		Effective Contact Volume		Suggested	Assigned		Post Disinfection Rated Capacity	Pre & Post Disinfection Rated Capacity
venport, New Mexico	9 (MGD)	imentation Contact	Predis None, Presed, Predis, both	50000 (gallons)	or Unbaffled Poor Average Superior	ne None, Chlorine, Chloramines, Chlorine Dioxide, Ozone	in a		0.9	31 See Guidance Manual Appendix C		200000 (gallons)	5		None, Chlorine, Chloramines, Chlorine Dioxide	T	See Guidance Manual Appendix C		ine	20 (min) HDT	20 (min) HDT	· ·	14.40MGD			681135 (gallons)		-		ar  None/Rectangular/Circular/Contact   Req	Vertical None or Vertical or Horizontal	80 % of basin containing tubes	]	none None, Chlorine, Chloramines, Chlorine Dioxide	T	See Guidance Manual Annendix C	See Cardina manual appearance	80	1.32 gpm/ft2	.32 gpm/ft2	12.36]MGD
Plant Name Davenport, I	Peak Instantaneous Flow	Predisinfection/Presediment				Disinfectant Applied ozone	Temperature (C)			Required CI	Flocculation	L		M	Disinfectant Applied None	( ( ( ( ) com)   compliants to obtain (	Required CT		Detention Time	Suggested			Rated Capacity			Basin Volume 6811				Process Type rectangular	Tubes Present Vertic			Disinfectant Applied no	Ha	Disinfect residual (mg/L)	Kednied C	SOS seemed	2000		Rated Capacity12

Table C-2. Major Unit Process Evaluation Criteria\*

Flocculation		Hydraulic Detention Time
Base		20 minutes
Single Stage	Temp <= 0.5°	+ 10 minutes
	Temp > 0.5°C	+5 minutes
Multiple Stages	Temp <= 0.5°	+0 minutes
	Temp >0.5°C	-5 minutes

Filtration	Air Binding	Loading Rate
Sand Media	None	2.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Moderate	1,5 gpm/ft²
	High	1.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Dual/Mixed Media	None	4.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Moderate	3.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	High	2.0 gpm/ft²
Deep Bed	None	6.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	Moderate	4.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	High	3.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>

Sedimentation		Surface Overflow Rate
Rectangular/Circular/Contact	Basin Depth	
Turbidity Mode	> 14 ft	0.7 gpm/ft²
	12 - 14 ft	0.6 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	10 - 12 ft	0.5 - 0.6 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	<10 ft	0.1 - 0.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Softening Moda	> 14 ft	1.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	12 - 14 ft	0,75 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	10 - 12 ft	0.5 - 0.75 gpm/ft*
	<10 ft	0.1 - 0.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Vertical (>45°) Tube Settlers		
Turbidity Mode	> 14 ft	2.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	12 - 14 ft	1,5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	10 - 12 ft	1.0 - 1.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	<10 ft	0.2 - 1.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Softening Mode	> 14 ft	2.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	12 - 14 ft	2.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	10 - 12 ft	1.5 - 2.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
	< 10 ft	0.7 - 1.5 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Horizontal (<45°) Tube Settlers		2.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Adsorption Clarifier		9.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Lamelia Plates		4.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
SuperPulsator		1.5 gpm/ft²
with tubes		1.7 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Claricone Turbidity Mode		1.0 gpm/ft <sup>2</sup>
Claricone Softening Mode		1.5 gpm/ft²

<sup>\*</sup>If long term (12-month) data monitoring indicates capability to meet performance goals at higher loading rates, then these rates can be used.

Renner, R.C., B.A. Hegg. J.H. Bender, and E.M. Bissonette. 1991. Handbook - Optimizing Water Treatment Plant Performance Using the Composite Correction Program: EPA 625/9-91/027. Cincinnati, OH: USEPA.

AWWARF Workshop. 1995. Plant Optimization Workshop. Colorado Springs, CO: AWWARF.

Eastern Research Group. Inc. 1992. Water Advisor Utilizing the CCP Approach [Expert System). USEPA Work Assignment No. 7391-55. Eastern Research Group, Inc., Arlington, MA.

USEPA, AWWA, AWWARF, Association of Metropolitan Water Agencies, Association of State Drinking Water Administrators. and National Association of Water Companies. 1995. Partnership for Safe Water Voluntary Water Treatment Plant Performance Improvement Program.

- Each major unit process section contains a suggested and assigned evaluation criteria cell (e.g., the flocculation section contains a suggested and an assigned hydraulic detention time cell). The suggested loading rates, summarized in Table C-2 of this appendix, for specified situations are representative of conditions in which identified unit processes have demonstrated effectiveness in serving as a multiple barrier in the prevention of cyst and microorganism passage through the treatment plant.
- The actual rated capacities for each of the unit processes are calculated from the loading rates entered into the cells labeled "assigned loading rates." Users must enter a value into the assigned cell, either selecting the "suggested" value or entering their own loading rate.
- The performance potential graph contained at the top of each spreadsheet will instantaneously update after each data entry. Complete the entire data entry process prior to proceeding to printing the spreadsheet output described in Section 6.

#### Section 6 - Printing Spreadsheet Output

To print the performance potential graph using:

 LOTUS 123 Release 2.4 for DOS, invoke the WYSIWYG add-in and print the previously defined range by pressing <Shift :> then selecting <Print> and <Go> after the system has been configured to the user's printer. If the WYSIWYG add-in is unavailable, users should generate and print the graph PIC file

- PPG.PIC, using the LOTUS Printgraph procedures.
- LOTUS 123 Release 5.0 for WINDOWS, or QUATTRO PRO Release 5.0 for WINDOWS, or EXCEL Release 4.0 or 5.0 for WINDOWS, follow printing techniques specified for WINDOWS applications by clicking on a printer icon (which will print the previously defined range) or select PRINT from the File submenu (and select "previously defined range" when the system requests a printing option). Users may have to adjust margins to accommodate individual applications in order to print output to a single sheet of paper.

### Section 7 - Important Rules to Remember When Using the Performance Potential Graph Spreadsheet Tool

- Cells containing "Black" values are calculated from other pertinent data entries and cannot be modified because the cells have been protected.
- The actual rated capacities for each of the unit processes are calculated from the loading rate entered into the cells labeled "assigned loading rates." Users must enter a value into the assigned cell, either selecting the "suggested" value or entering their own loading rate.
- The external format file must be copied from the Master Diskette to the same directory as the working file or the Performance Potential Graph will not be visible when using LOTUS 123 Release 2.4 for DOS.